



# Yale SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

## GENETICS DEPARTMENT SEMINAR SERIES

### **Adapt or Die: Transgenerational Inheritance of Pathogen Avoidance** *(How getting food poisoning might save your species)*

*Caenorhabditis elegans* must distinguish pathogens from nutritious food sources among the many bacteria to which it is exposed in its environment. We found that a single exposure to purified small RNAs isolated from pathogenic *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (PA14) is sufficient to induce pathogen avoidance in the treated worms and in four subsequent generations of progeny. The RNA interference (RNAi) and PIWI-interacting RNA (piRNA) pathways, the germline and the ASI neuron are all required for avoidance behavior induced by bacterial small RNAs, and for the transgenerational inheritance of this behavior. A single *P. aeruginosa* non-coding RNA, P11, is both necessary and sufficient to convey learned avoidance of PA14, and its *C. elegans* target, *maco-1*, is required for avoidance. Our results suggest that this non-coding-RNA-dependent mechanism evolved to survey the microbial environment of the worm, use this information to make appropriate behavioral decisions and pass this information on to its progeny.



### **Dr. Coleen Murphy, PhD**

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### **Host: Dr. Valerie Reinke, PhD**

Professor  
YSM Department of Genetics

**Tuesday, November 29<sup>th</sup>, 2022**

11:30am - 12:30pm

TAC N107 – 300 Cedar street

[Zoom Link](#)

**Pw: 080122**