Identification & Analysis of Protein Complexes Mediating Synapse Formation

Thomas Biederer

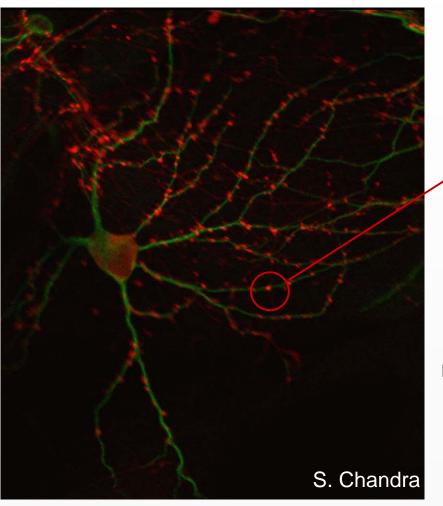
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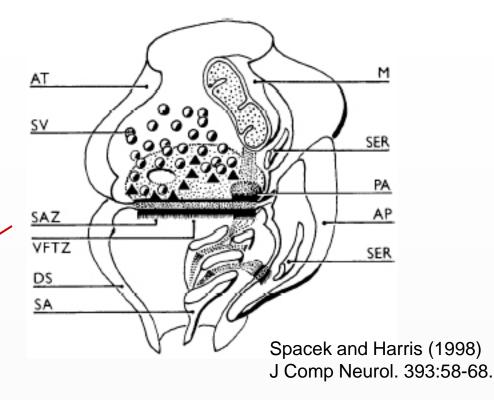


Yale University

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Synapses are specialized cell junctions



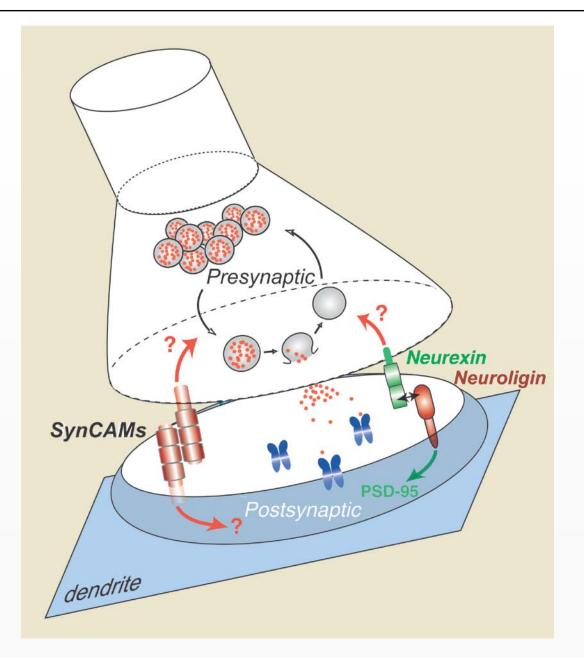


motivation to understand synapse organization:

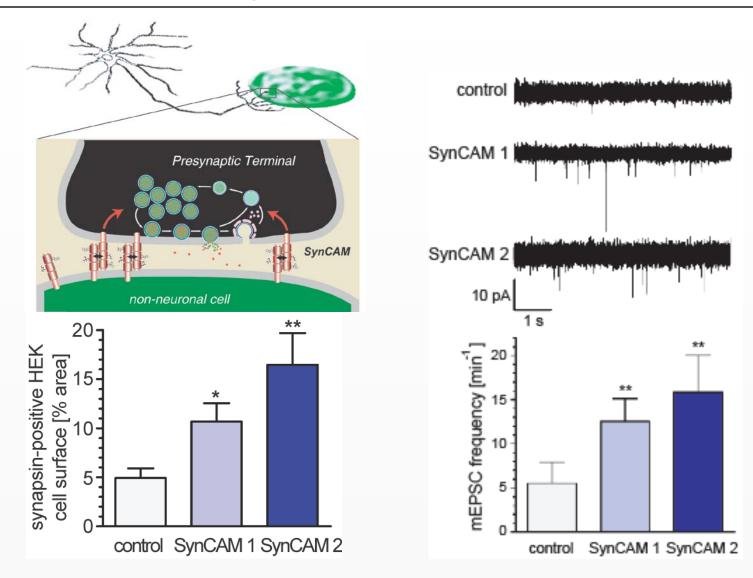
neurobiological motivation: role in brain development and plasticity biomedical: neurodevelopmental and degenerative disorders, synaptic plasticity including learning and addiction

• biochemical: membrane assembly

Trans-synaptic adhesion and synapse organization

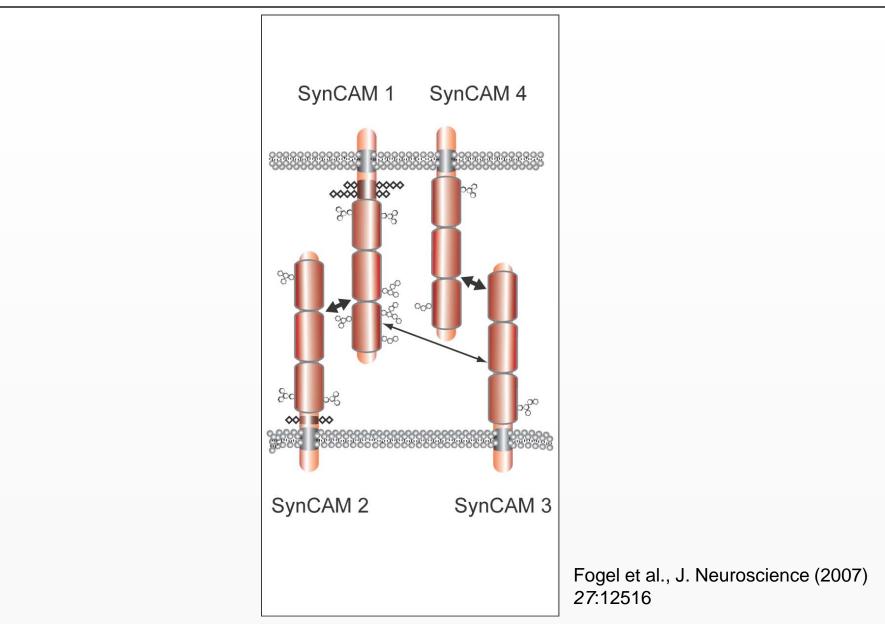


Both SynCAM 1 and 2 are sufficient to induce presynaptic specializations



Adam Fogel and Alexander Krupp

SynCAM proteins engage each other in specific heterophilic interactions



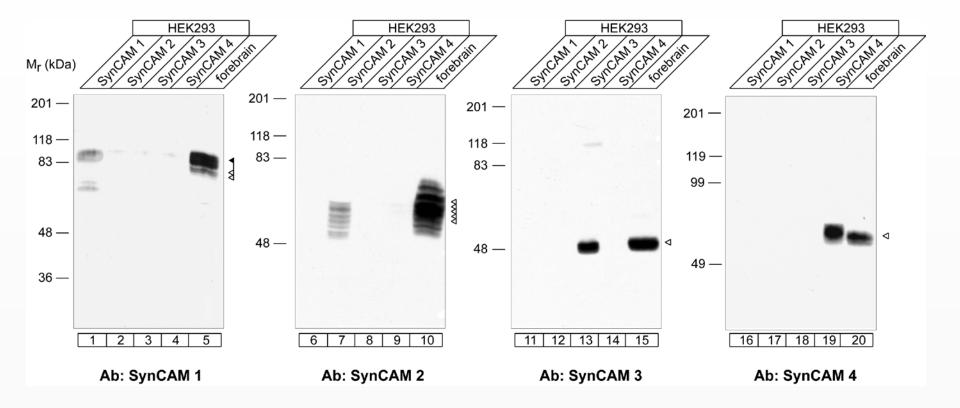
Aim 1: To analyze molecular SynCAM properties

Hypothesis: The post-translational modification of SynCAM proteins is prominent and functionally relevant.

achieved aim:

 determined biophysical properties of SynCAM extracellular domains and quantified high extent of glycosylation

Four SynCAM proteins are expressed in brain



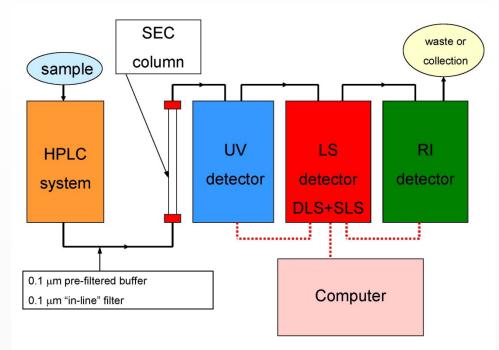
Glycosylation analysis by light scattering

light scattering by a protein is a function of the specific refractive index, the concentration, and the molecular weight of the protein

size exclusion chromatography, followed by measurement of light scattering and refractive index

determination for native macromolecules in solution of: absolute mass (MW)

- size (radius of gyration)
- extent of carbohydrate modification due to change in refractive index



Ewa Folta-Stogniew Keck Facility and NIDA Neuroproteomics Center, Yale University

SynCAMs can be heavily N-glycosylated

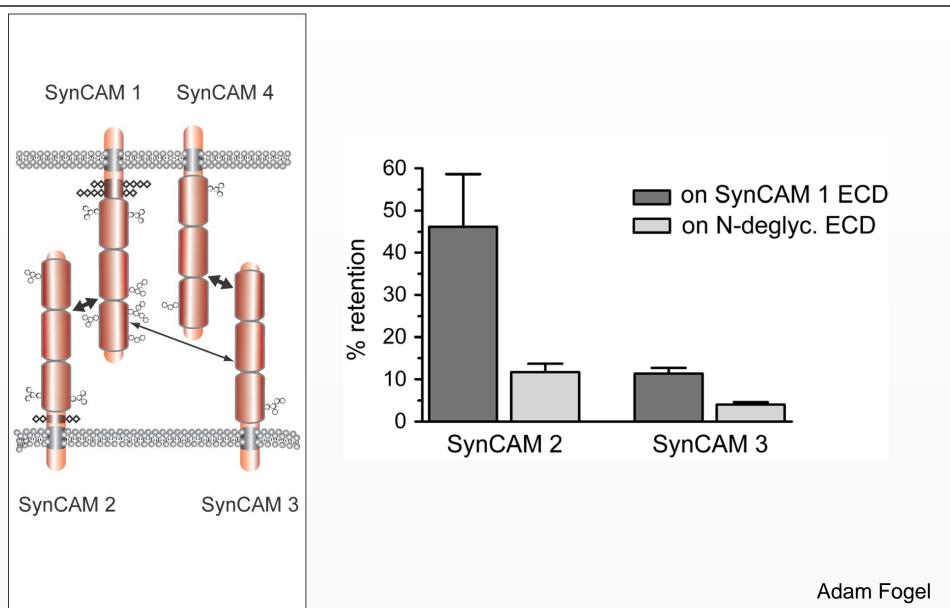
starting material: heterologously expressed, purified SynCAM extracellular domains

note that expression in HEK 293 cells yields apparently identical posttranslational modification of SynCAMs as observed in adult brain

size exclusion chromatography / static light scattering: SynCAM 1 is heavily glycosylated	SynCAM 1	0.53 gram sugar/ gram of protein	
	SynCAM 2	0.15 gram sugar/ gram of protein	
	SynCAM 3	0.04 gram sugar/ gram of protein	

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Structure-function analysis of N-glycosylation in heterophilic SynCAM interactions



Aim 2: To identify synaptic protein changes due to altered SynCAM 1 expression *in vivo*

Hypothesis:

The proteomic analysis of SynCAM 1 synapses will lead to the identification of downstream proteins in synaptogenic signaling.

achieved aim:

- prepare synaptic plasma membranes from SynCAM 1 KO or wild-type littermates
- evaluate changes in protein composition by iTRAQ
- raise specific antibodies and validate target protein changes

ongoing:

• test for biochemical and/or functional interactions of target proteins

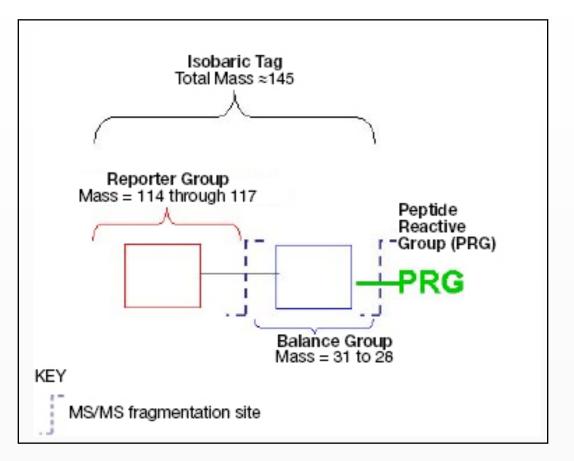
Analysis of synaptic composition by relative iTRAQ protein quantification

synaptic plasma membrane proteins:

iTRAQ analysis of preparations from SynCAM 1 overexpressing brains vs. controls after isobaric tag labeling

multiplexing of four different samples in a single LC/MS/MS experiment

relationships can be quantified by comparing the MS peak area of one reporter group peak to another



from: Applied Biosystems iTRAQ Reference Guide

Analysis of synaptic composition in SynCAM 1 knock-out mice



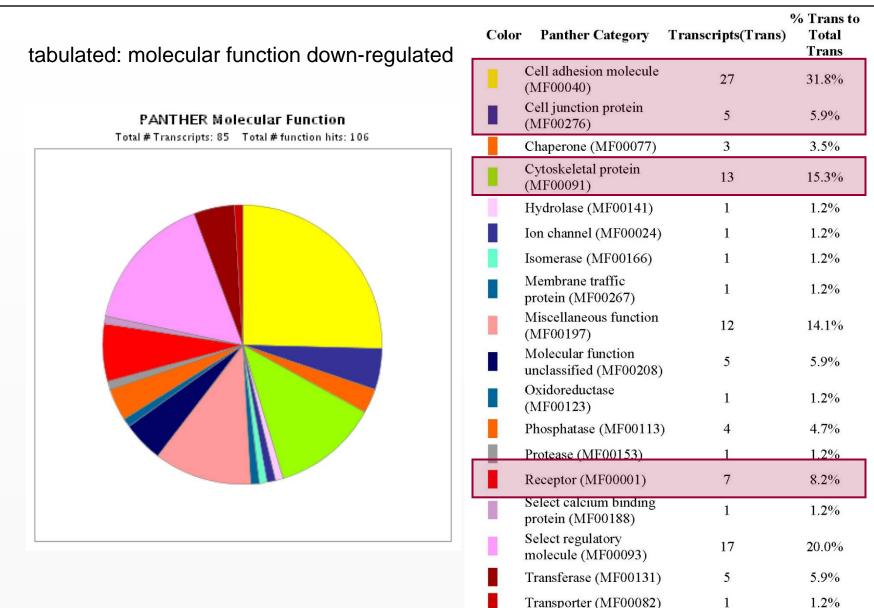
identified 450 proteins with a protein score >0.3 239 reduced 117/114 <= 1.000 211 increased

ITRAQ Results for Sample: iTRAQ SPM KO, SPM WT ProGroup IPI_mouse

Execution Date	on Date Program Version Data		ase Se	earch Engine	
08 Oct 2007 10:32	ProteinPilot 2.0	IPI_mo	ouse Pr	oGroup	
Summary Statistics Protein Score >=0.3			ITRAQ SPM KO, SPM WT ProGroup		
#of proteins with 1 peptide identified			162		
#of proteins with >= 99% confidence (protein score 2.0)			411		
#of proteins with >= 95% confidence (protein score 1.3)			436		
#of proteins with >= 90% confidence (protein score 1.0)			450		
Range of 115/114 ratios			0.0361 - 24375.5605		
Range of 117/114 ratios			0.2137 - 3.0512		
Ratio		115/11	4	117/114	
Observed Bias Correction	on	0.0494		1.564	

Chris Colangelo Keck Facility and NIDA Neuroproteomics Center, Yale University

Synaptic plasma membranes lacking SynCAM 1 display altered protein composition



THE NEXT SLIDES WERE REMOVED - DATA NOT FOR WEB POSTING

Future Aims

Objective 1: Complete the proteomic analysis of synaptic membranes lacking and overexpressing SynCAM 1 from KO and transgenic mouse models.

Objective 2: Identify the direct binding partners of SynCAM 1 that organize synapse formation across the synaptic cleft.

aims:

- affinity purification of synaptic membrane proteins on SynCAM 1 and SynCAM 2 extracellular domains
- affinity purification of brain extract on GST-SynCAM 1 cytosolic tail

Acknowledgements



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Biophysics Resource Ewa Folta-Stogniew

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