

The History of American Public Health

From the Early Republic to the Great Society (1790 to 1965)

Examiner: Frank Snowden

Examinee: Matt Gunterman

Date: September 2, 2009

- I. General Overviews of Public Health & Its Central Themes
- II. An Era of Citizen Responsibility & Local Reaction (1790-1850)
- III. Innovation in a Changing Urban Environment (1850-1900)
 - A. Immigration
 - B. Infrastructure
 - C. Administration & Bureaucracy
 - D. Society & Culture
- IV. The Articulation of a New Public Health (1900-1930)
 - A. A Multifarious Germ Theory of Disease & Its Implications
 - B. The Manifestations of a New Public Health
- V. The Expansion of Public Health (1930-1965)

I. General Overviews of Public Health & Its Central Themes

John Burnham. *How Superstition Won and Science Lost: Popularizing Science and Health in the United States*. New Brunswick: Rutgers University Press, 1987.

Mary Douglas. *Purity and Danger: An Analysis of Concept of Pollution and Taboo*. New York: Routledge, 2005.

John Duffy. *The Sanitarians: A History of American Public Health*. Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1990.

George Rosen. *From Medical Police to Social Medicine: Essays on the History of Health Care*. New York: Science History, 1974.

George Rosen. *The History of Public Health*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1993 c 1958.

Charles E. Rosenberg. *Explaining Epidemics and Other Studies in the History of Medicine*. New York: Cambridge University Press, 1992.

_____ and Janet Golden, eds. *Framing Disease: Studies in Cultural History*. New Brunswick: Rutgers University Press, 1992.

Nancy Tomes. *The Gospel of Germs: Men, Women, and the Microbe in American Life*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1998.

II. An Era of Citizen Responsibility & Local Reaction (1790-1850)

Kathleen Brown. *Foul Bodies: Cleanliness in Early America*. New Haven: Yale University Press, 2009.

Suellen M. Hoy. *Chasing Dirt: The American Pursuit of Cleanliness*. New York: Oxford University Press, 1995.

Martin Melosi. *The Sanitary City: Urban Infrastructure in America from Colonial Times to the Present*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1972.

James C. Riley. *The Eighteenth-Century Campaign to Avoid Disease*. New York: St. Martin's Press, 1987.

Charles Rosenberg. *The Cholera Years: The United States in 1832, 1849, 1866*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1962.

Stanley K. Schultz. *Constructing Urban Culture: American Cities and City Planning, 1800-1920*. Philadelphia: Temple University Press, 1989.

III. Innovation in a Changing Urban Environment (1850-1900)

A. Immigration & Imperialism

Warwick Anderson. *Colonial Pathologies: American Tropical Medicine, Race, and Hygiene in the Philippines*. Durham: Duke University Press, 2006.

Marcos Cueto, ed. *Missionaries of Science: The Rockefeller Foundation and Latin America*. Bloomington: Indiana University Press, 1994.

Alan M. Kraut. *Silent Travelers: Germs, Genes, and the "Immigrant Menace."* Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1995.

Howard Markel. *Quarantine! East European Jewish Immigrants and the New York City Epidemics of 1892*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1997.

Nayan Shah. *Contagious Divides: Epidemics and Race in San Francisco's Chinatown*. Berkeley: University of California Press, 2001.

B. Infrastructure

Annmarie Adams. *Architecture in the Family Way: Doctors, Houses, and Women, 1870-1900*. Montreal: McGill-Queen's University Press, 1996.

Stephen Kern. *Culture of Time and Space, 1880-1918*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1983.

Martin Melosi. *Pollution and Reform in American Cities, 1870-1930*. Austin: University of Texas Press, 1980.

_____. *Garbage in the Cities: Refuse, Reform, and the Environment, 1880-1890*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1981.

Gregg Mitman, Michelle Murphy, and Christopher Sellers. *Landscapes of Exposure: Knowledge and Illness in Modern Environments*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2004.

Maureen Ogle. *All the Modern Conveniences: American Household Plumbing, 1840-1890*. Baltimore: John Hopkins University Press, 1996.

Marylin Thornton. *Washing "The Great Unwashed": Public Baths in Urban America, 1840-1920*. Columbus: Ohio State University Press, 1991.

C. Administration & Bureaucracy

Elizabeth Fee and Dorothy Porter, "Public Health, Preventive Medicine and Professionalization: England and America in the Nineteenth Century," Andrew Wear, ed. *Medicine in Society: Historical Essays*. New York: Edinburgh University Press, 1992.

Evelynn M. Hammond. *Childhood's Deadly Scourge: The Campaign to Control Diphtheria in New York City, 1880-1930*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1999.

Phyllis Allen Richmond. "American Attitudes toward the Germ Theory of Disease (1860-1880)," in *Theory and Practice in American Medicine*, ed. Gert H. Breiger. New York: Science History Publications, 1976.

Nancy Tomes, "American Attitudes toward the Germ Theory of Disease: Phyllis Allen Richmond Revisited," *Journal of the History of Medicine and Allied Sciences* 52:1 (1997), 17-50.

D. Society & Culture

Barbara Bates. *Bargaining for Life: A Social History of Tuberculosis, 1876-1938*. Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 1992.

Georgina Feldberg. *Disease and Class: Tuberculosis and the Shaping of Modern North American Society*. New Brunswick: Rutgers University Press, 1995.

Richard A. Meckel. *Save the Babies: American Public Health Reform and the Prevention of Infant Mortality, 1850-1929*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1990.

Sheila Rothman. *Living in the Shadow of Death: Tuberculosis and the Social Experience of Illness in the United States*. New York: Basic Books, 1994.

Vincent Vinikas. *Soft Soap, Hard Sell: American Hygiene in an Age of Advertisement*. Ames: University of Iowa Press, 1992.

Terra Ziporyn. *Disease in the Popular American Press: The Case of Diphtheria, Typhoid Fever, and Syphilis, 1870-1920*. New York: Greenwood, 1988.

IV. The Articulation of a New Public Health (1900-1930)

A. A Multifarious Germ Theory of Disease & Its Implications

Alfred W. Crosby. *America's Forgotten Pandemic: The Influenza of 1918*. New York: Cambridge University Press, 1989.

Judith W. Leavitt. *Typhoid Mary: Captive to the Public's Health*. Boston: Beacon Press, 1996.

Andrew McClary. "Germs are Everywhere: The Germ Threat as Seen in Magazine Articles, 1890-1920," *Journal of American Culture* 3 (1980).

John Andrew Mendelsohn, "Typhoid Mary Strikes Again: The Social and the Scientific in the Making of Modern Public Health," *Isis* 86 (1995): 268-277.

David E. Nye. *Electrifying America: Social Meanings of a new Technology, 1880-1940*. Cambridge: MIT Press, 1990.

Naomi Rogers, "Germs with Legs: Flies, Disease, and the New Public Health," *Bulletin of the History of Medicine* 63 (Winter 1989).

Nancy Tomes and John Harley Warner, "Introduction to Special Issue on Rethinking the Reception of the Germ Theory of Disease: Comparative Perspectives," *Journal of the History of Medicine and Allied Science* 52:1 (1997), 7-16.

B. The Manifestations of a New Public Health

Allan M. Brandt. *No Magic Bullet: A Social History of Venereal Disease in the United States since 1880*. New York: Oxford University Press, 1985.

James H. Cassedy. *Charles V. Chapin and the Public Health Movement*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1962.

John Ettl. *The Germ of Laziness: Rockefeller Philanthropy and Public Health in the New South*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1981.

Amy L. Fairchild. *Science at the Borders: Immigrant Medical Inspection and the Defense of the Nation*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 2003.

Elizabeth Fee. *Disease and Discovery: A History of Johns Hopkins School of Hygiene and Public Health, 1916-1939*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1987.

Margaret Humphreys. *Malaria: Poverty, Race, and Public Health in the United States*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 2001.

Jeff Wiltse. *Contested Waters: A Social History of Swimming Pools in America*. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 2007.

V. The Expansion of Public Health (1930-1965)

Barbara Clow. *Negotiating Disease: Power and the Cancer Cure, 1900-1950*. Montreal: McGill-Queen's University Press, 2001.

Elizabeth W. Etheridge. *Sentinel for Health: A History of Centers for Disease Control*. Berkeley: University of California, 1992.

Barron Lerner. *Breast Cancer Wars: Hope, Fear, and the Pursuit of a Cure in Twentieth-Century America*. New York: Oxford University Press, 2001.

Gerald Markowitz and David Rosner. *Deceit and Denial: The Deadly Politics of Industrial Pollution*. Berkeley: University of California Press, 2002.

David Oshinsky. *Polio: An American Story*. New York: Oxford University Press, 2006.

James Patterson. *The Dread Disease: Cancer and Modern American Culture*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1987.

Naomi Rogers. *Dirt and Disease: Polio before FDR*. New Brunswick: Rutgers University Press, 1992.